

Name:

Candidate number:

Form:

GCSE PE Teacher:

# GCSE PE COURSEWORK

Analysing and Evaluating Performance (AEP)

Booklet

## 2c.1. Analysing and Evaluating Performance (AEP)

For the purpose of assessment, learners are required to demonstrate their ability to analyse and evaluate their own practical performance or that of a peer in order to:

- analyse aspects of personal performance in a practical activity
- evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the performance
- produce an action plan which aims to improve the quality and effectiveness of the performance.

Through the teaching of the practical activities and the theory content of the specification, learners should be able to identify aspects of their performance that are skilful and those that are not.

They should be able to recognise strengths and weaknesses in performance and be able to suggest ways in which weaknesses might be improved using appropriate, progressive training or practice methods, which will lead to improvements in the aspects of the performance identified.

It is expected that learners will complete this work after they have been taught the relevant sections of the theory content in Components 01 and 02.

OCR will take a medium level of control for the taking of this task (see section 1b.1 Controls). The hours below for each section of the task are a guide, however the overall time allowed for learners to complete the task must not exceed 14 hours.

Learners may be introduced to the requirements of the task through a Task Induction session. This does not form part of the 14 hours allowed to undertake the task, but should not require more than an hour and must be used to discuss how the task is going to be delivered by the centre, timings/scheduling related to this and the general requirements of the task.

#### The Analysing and Evaluating Performance (AEP) task

Learners will assess the physical fitness/strengths/weaknesses of the performer being analysed using tests for the different components of fitness. (2–3 hours)

For a chosen physical activity learners will (3-4 hours):

- a. analyse the importance of the different components of fitness for the activity
- b. give an overview of the key skills in the activity
- c. assess the strengths/weaknesses of the performer being analysed in the activity.

For a specific skill or technique in the chosen activity learners will (1–2 hours):

- a. analyse a movement involved joint, type of movement, muscle group(s), muscle function/role
- b. classify the skill on the difficulty and environmental continua.

Produce an action plan (not to be implemented) to improve an aspect of the performance of the performer being analysed in the chosen activity (4-5 hours).

The plan must include:

- which skill or component of fitness you are improving
- justifications for the skill or component of fitness you have chosen to improve
- drills and practices to show how you intend to improve the skill or component of fitness chosen, including:
   risk assessment, coaching points, principles of training and SMART goal setting
- relevant understanding of the

<u>Stage 1: Evaluation</u> – (Assess the physical fitness strengths and weaknesses of a performer)

During this evaluation you need to assess the physical fitness of a performer by completing a range of tests that measure the different fitness components.

# Fitness Tests/Results

Fitness Test	Fitness component	Performer score	Score compared to normative data	Strength/ Weakness
Illinois Agility Test				
Stork stand test				
Wall throw test				
Vertical jump/standing jump test				
Ruler Drop Test				
35m sprint test				
Multi-stage fitness test/12 minute cooper run				
Press up test				
Hand grip dynamometer test				
Sit and reach test				

## Normative data for the Illinois Agility Run Test

The following are national norms for 16 to 19 year olds (Davis et al. 2000)<sup>[1]</sup>:

Gender	Excellent	Above Average	Average	Below Average	Poor
Male	<15.2 secs	15.2 - 16.1 secs	16.2 - 18.1 secs	18.2 - 19.3 secs	>19.3 secs
Female	<17.0 secs	17.0 - 17.9 secs	18.0 - 21.7 secs	21.8 - 23.0 secs	>23.0 secs

## **Normative data for the Standing Stork Test**

The following table (Johnson & Nelson 1979)[1] are national norms for 16 to 19 year olds.

	Excellent	Above Average	Average	Below Average	Poor
Males	>50	41-50	31-40	20-30	<20
Females	>30	23-30	16-22	10-15	<10

#### **Normative data for the Wall Throw Test**

The following normative data, for 15 to 16 year olds, is available for this test (Beashel and Taylor (1997)[1])

Age	Excellent	Above Average	Average	Below Average	Poor
15-16 years	>35	30 - 35	25 - 29	20 - 24	<20

#### **Normative Data for Standing Jump Test**

The following are national norms for 16 to 19 year olds (Davis 2000)[5]

Gender	Excellent	Above average	Average	Below average	Poor
Male	>65cm	50 - 65cm	40 - 49cm	30 - 39cm	<30cm
Female	>58cm	47 - 58cm	36 - 46cm	26 - 35cm	<26cm

## **Normative Data for Ruler Drop Test**

The following are national norms, adapted from Davis (2000)<sup>[1]</sup> for 16 to 19 year olds.

Excellent	Above Average	Average	Below Average	Poor
<7.5cm	7.5 - 15.9cm	15.9 - 20.4cm	20.4 - 28cm	>28cm

## Normative Data for 35m Sprint Test

The following table provides ratings for the 35m sprint test (Arkinstall et al. 2010)[1]

Rating	Male	Female
Excellent	< 4.80	< 5.30
Good	4.80 - 5.09	5.30 - 5.59
Average	5.10 - 5.29	5.60 - 5.89
Fair	5.30 - 5.60	5.90 - 6.20
Poor	> 5.60	> 6.20

#### **Normative Data for MSFT**

#### Male

Age	Excellent	Above Average	Average	Below Average	Poor
14 - 16	L12 S7	L11 S2	L8 S9	L7 S1	< L6 S6

#### **Female**

Age	Excellent	Above Average	Average	Below Average	Poor
14 - 16	L10 S9	L9 S1	L6 S7	L5 S1	< L4 S7

## **Normative Data for the Press Up Test**

The following table, McArdle et al. (2000)<sup>[1]</sup>, provides normative data for the full body press up

Age	Excellent	Good	Average	Fair	Poor
16 - 29	>54	45 - 54	35 - 44	20 - 34	<20

The following table, McArdle et al. (2000)<sup>[1]</sup>, provides normative data for the modified Push Ups

Age	Excellent	Good	Average	Fair	Poor
16 - 29	>48	34 - 38	17 - 33	6 - 16	<6

## **Normative Data for the Hand Grip Test**

The following are national norms for this test for 16 to 19 year olds. (Davis 2000)[1].

Gender	Excellent	Good	Average	Fair	Poor
Male	>56	51-56	45-50	39-44	<39
Female	>36	31-36	25-30	19-24	<19

#### **Normative Data for the Sit and Reach Test**

The following table is for 16 to 19 year olds (Davis et al. 2000, p. 126)[1]:

Gender	Excellent	Above average	Average	Below average	Poor
Male	>14	14.0 - 11.0	10.9 - 7.0	6.9 - 4.0	<4
Female	>15	15.0 - 12.0	11.9 - 7.0	6.9 - 4.0	<4

# Strengths and weaknesses of fitness.

Having completed the fitness tests, identify the strengths and weaknesses of the performer when it comes to the components of fitness.

STRENGTHS	
What are the key	Reasons
fitness components the performer completed effectively?	Why are they the performer's strengths?
1)	1)
	2)
2)	

WEAKNESSES	
What are the key	Reasons
fitness components the	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?
performer did not	
complete effectively?	
1)	1)
	2)
2)	

What are the most important compon	ents of fitness for the sport/activity?
Explain why you consider each compo	nent as being important giving examples.
Component:	
Explanation	
Component:	
Explanation	
Component:	
Explanation	

Stage 2: Analysis (What are the most important components of fitness for activity)

Component:		
Explanation	 	 
Component:		
Explanation		
-xpianacion		
Component:		
Explanation	 	 

Component:	
Explanation	
Component	
Component:	
Explanation	
Component:	
Explanation	

# **Stage 3: Overview** (What are the key skills in the sport/activity)

What are the	e kev	skills	in	the	sport	/activity	<b>/</b> ?
		0			<b>UP U. U</b>	G. C. C. C.	, .

Explain why you consider each key skill as being important giving examples.

Skill: _	 _	
Explanation_		
Skill: _	 _	
Explanation_	 	
Skill: _	 _	
Explanation_	 	

Skill:	 	
rplanation	 	
Skill:		
rplanation	 	
Skill:	 <del></del>	
planation	 	

Stage 4: Assessment (Streng	ths and weaknesses	of the performer	in sport/activity)
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Sport:			
Sport.	 	 	

Name of skill	Successful?	Unsuccessful?	Strength/Weakness

STRENGTHS	
Skills	Reasons
What are the key skills the	Why are they the performer's strengths?
-	Triff are they the performer obtaining
performer is using?	
1)	1)
2)	2)
2)	2)
Fitness	Reasons
What are the key fitness	Why are they the performer's strengths?
-	willy are they the performer 3 strengths:
components being used by	
the performer?	
1)	1)
2)	2)
	T
WEAKNESSES	
WEAKNESSES Skills	<u>Reasons</u>
Skills	
Skills What are the key skills the	Reasons Why are they the performer's weaknesses?
Skills	
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?
Skills What are the key skills the	
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?  1)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?  1)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?  1)
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Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?  1)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	1)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	1)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?           1).           2)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	1)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?           1).           2)
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Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?  1)
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Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?  1)
Skills What are the key skills the performer is not using well?  1)	Why are they the performer's weaknesses?  1)

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**Stage 5: Movement Analysis** - (Analyse how skills/techniques are completed)

Skill/technique of focus:		Joint of focus:
(Enter picture here	2)	(Enter picture here)
Type of movement taking		
place during skill.		
	•••••	
Muscle groups involved and the muscle function/role.  Muscle movements – Flexion etc  Role in movement – antagonistic pairs (agonist/antagonist/fixator).	Muscle move  Muscle 2:  Muscle move  Role in move  Muscle move  Muscle move  Role in move  Muscle move	ment:

Lever(s) being	Lever 1:
used during	Why:
skill/technique.	
	Lever 2: (If needed)
	Why:
	Lever 3 (if needed):
	Why:
Plane(s) being	Plane 1:
used during	Why:
skill/technique.	
	Plane 2: (If needed)
	Why:
	Plane 3 (if needed):
	Why:
Classification of the	e skill regarding the difficulty and environmental factors.
Difficulty.	Simple or complex skill:
	Why:
Environmental	Open or closed skill:
factors.	Why:

# <u>Stage 6: Action plan - (How are you going to improve performance outcomes?)</u>

Which skill/component of fitness needs improving? What type of skill is it? Complex/Simple?
Open/Closed? Why it needs improving based on current outcomes? How improvements will help your
outcomes.
Skill/Component:
Justifications:

Drill/Practice 1		
Phase 1: Diagram and	Phase 2: Diagram and	Phase 3: Coaching points of skill.
Description of how to complete	Description of how activity could	
activity.	be made harder.	
Diagram:	Diagram:	*
		*
		*
Description of how to complete	Description of how to complete	*
activity:	activity:	
		*
		*

Drill/Practice 2		
Phase 1: Diagram and Description of how to complete	Phase 2: Diagram and Description of how activity could be made	Phase 3: Coaching points of skill.
activity.	harder.	
Diagram:	Diagram:	*
		*
Description of how to complete activity:	Description of how to complete activity:	*
		*
		*
		*
Drill/Practice 3		
Phase 1: Diagram and	Phase 2: Diagram and Description	Phase 3: Coaching points of skill.
Phase 1: Diagram and Description of how to complete	Phase 2: Diagram and Description of how activity could be made	Phase 3: Coaching points of skill.
	_	Phase 3: Coaching points of skill.
Description of how to complete	of how activity could be made	Phase 3: Coaching points of skill.  *
Description of <b>how to complete activity</b> .	of how activity could be made harder.	
Description of <b>how to complete activity</b> .	of how activity could be made harder.	
Description of <b>how to complete activity</b> .	of how activity could be made harder.	*
Description of how to complete activity.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete	of how activity could be made harder.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete	*
Description of how to complete activity.  Diagram:	of how activity could be made harder.  Diagram:	*
Description of how to complete activity.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete	of how activity could be made harder.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete	*
Description of how to complete activity.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	of how activity could be made harder.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	* * *
Description of how to complete activity.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	of how activity could be made harder.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	* * *
Description of how to complete activity.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	of how activity could be made harder.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	* * * *
Description of how to complete activity.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	of how activity could be made harder.  Diagram:  Description of how to complete activity:	* * * *

Principles of training – Action plans help to improve performance.		
How are the priperformance or	inciples of training included within your action plan to improve utcomes?	
Specificity	Definition:	
	How included in action plan?	
Progression	Definition:	
	How included in action plan?	
Overload	Definition:	
	How included in action plan?	
Reversibility	Definition:	
	How included in action plan?	

FITT Principle: The FITT principle should be applied to all action plans.		
How is each stage of the FITT principle included within your action plan to improve		
performance or	utcomes?	
Frequency	Definition: Howyou train.	
	How included in action plan?	
Intensity	Definition: Howyou train.	
	How included in action plan?	
Time	Definition: Howyou train.	
	How included in action plan?	
Туре	Definition: Whatof training	
	How included in action plan?	

Risk assessment – V	What risks need to be considered during the drills/practices of the
action plan and how	can they be reduced?
Risk 1:	How to reduce risk:
Risk 2:	How to reduce risk:
Risk 3:	How to reduce risk:
Risk 4:	How to reduce risk:

<b>Goal Setting</b> : In order to improve on the skill/technique a clear SMART goal must be set.		
Create a goal below,	, which will help you improve your performance outcomes.	
Explain how each ele	ement of SMART is included in your goal.	
SMART goal		
Element of SMART	How element is included within goal and action plan?	
Specific	The well-limited and with the goal and detien plant.	
opcoc		
Measureable		
Achievable		
Recorded		
Timed		
Tilleu		

Summary/Overview:
Overall what is the clear reason for selecting this action plan?
Why have you selected the chosen skill/technique?
How will this skill/technique help your performance outcomes once improved?